

PAP Algebra 2**Name:** _____**Explore/Explain: Rational Function Graphing with Removable Discontinuities**

1. Enter $Y = \frac{x-3}{x+5}$ in your calculator

- What is the equation of the vertical asymptote?
- What happens on the graph at the vertical asymptote?
- What happens on the table at the vertical asymptote?
- What is the domain of the function?
- What happens to the graph way off to the right or left where the graph levels off?
- What is the equation of the horizontal asymptote?
- What is the range of the function?

2. Enter $Y = \frac{4x-3}{x+2}$ in your calculator.

- What is the equation of the vertical asymptote?
- What happens on the graph at the vertical asymptote?
- What happens on the table at the vertical asymptote?
- What is the domain of the function?
- What happens to the graph way off to the right or left where the graph levels off?
- What is the equation of the horizontal asymptote?
- What is the range of the function?

To find horizontal asymptotes, you need to know what happens to the graph way off to the right/left where the graph levels off. To use the calculator you can do the following:

~Plug in 100 for x what does y = ____?

~Plug in 1000 for x what does y = __?

Then you can see what y is approaching to determine the HA.

Hint – 2nd, Window and change your start value on your table, then go back to your table for values

- COCO, BOBO, BOTN might help as well!!!

3. Enter $Y = \frac{2x^2 - 4x}{x - 2}$ in your calculator.

- What does the graph look like?
- Factor the numerator. (hint: take out a 2x, the GCF)
- Cancel what matches in both the numerator and the denominator. What is left?
- How does the function in part d, compare to what you saw in the graph?
- What happens at $x = 2$? (Check the table using your calculator.)

This is called a **removable discontinuity**. Removable discontinuities in the graph don't show on the graph in the calculator because it is a single point on the graph. They only show in the table.

Now, in Y2, put your simplified function from part d. Go to the table and look at $x=2$? What do you notice under the Y2 column?

- What are the coordinates (x , y) of the removable discontinuity in the graph?
- Why does the removable discontinuity show an error in Y1 but the actual y-value of the removable discontinuity in Y2?
- What are the domain and range of the rational function?

Domain:

Range:

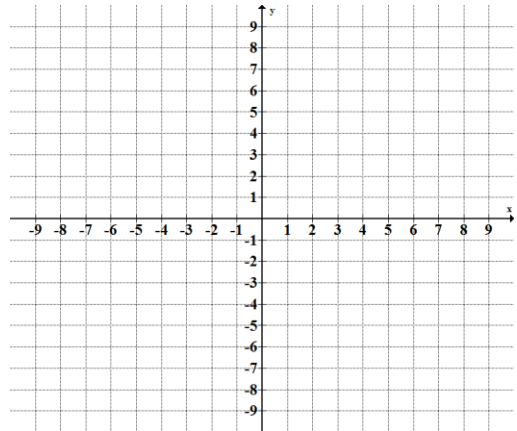
4. Enter $Y = \frac{x + 3}{2x^2 + 7x + 3}$ in your calculator.

- What does the graph look like?
- Factor the denominator and cancel. What should be the x-value of the removable discontinuity?
- Put your original equation in the calculator in Y1 and the simplified equation in Y2 and look at the table. Find the location of the removable discontinuity on the table.
- Go to TBLSET and change $\Delta Tbl = 0.5$ on your graphing calculator to change the scale. Where is the vertical asymptote? How do you know from the table that this is not another removable discontinuity?

- e. What is the domain? (did you take into account both the vertical asymptote and the removable discontinuity?)
- f. Where is the horizontal asymptote?
- g. What is the range? (did you take into account both the horizontal asymptote and the removable discontinuity?)

STOP: wait for Class and put your Calculator AWAY!

5. $f(x) = \frac{(x+2)}{x^2 + 5x + 6}$



VA: _____

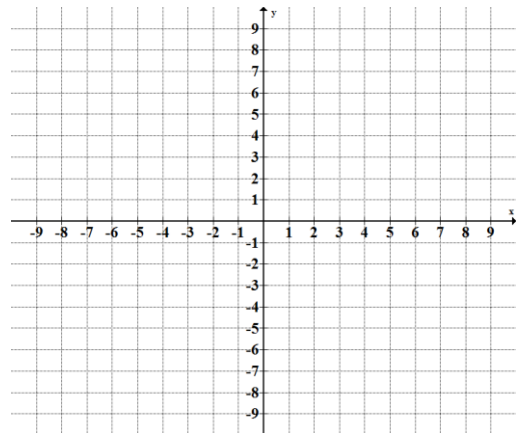
HA: _____

Hole (if any): _____

Domain: _____

Range: _____

7. $f(x) = \frac{2x+4}{x^2-4}$



VA: _____

HA: _____

Hole (if any): _____

Domain: _____

Range: _____